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St. James's, June 28.

THE following Addreſs of the High Sheriff, Nobility, Juſtices of the Peace, Gentlemen, Clergy, and Freeholders of the County of Worceſter, has been preſented to His Majeſty by the Honourable John Ward, Eſq; one of their Repreſentatives in Parliament, being introduced by the Lord of His Majeſty's Bed-Chamber in Waiting: Which Addreſs His Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly

To the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty.

Moſt Gracious Sovereign,

WE your Majeſty's dutiful and loyal Subjects, the High Sheriff, Nobility, Juſtices of the Peace, Gentlemen, Clergy, and Freeholders of the County of Worceſter, beg Leave to offer to your Majeſty our moſt ſincere and humble Thanks for your great Goodneſs and tender Regard for the Welfare of your Subjects, in relieving them from the Burdens of a War, moſt expenſive in Men and Money, by a ſafe and honourable Peace; the Conditions of which aſſure us not only of its Stability and Permanency, but of great Advantages to the future Commerce of your Majeſty's Subjects. However glorious may have been the Events of the late War to the Wiſdom of your Majeſty's Councils, and to the Conduct and Bravery of your Majeſty's Fleets and Armies, it muſt give Satisfaction to every humane Mind to ſee the Miſeries of War exchanged for the Bleſſings of Peace; and thoſe Men, who ſo honourably for themſelves, and ſo ſucceſsfully for their Country, fought your Majeſty's Battles, returned to Manufacture, Agriculture, and Commerce However inexhauſtible may have been found the Reſources of this Nation, yet every Nerve was ſtrung; and we beg Leave to congratulate your Majeſty, that the Peril exiſts no longer, that the Dangers as well as the Severities of War are over, and the pleaſing Proſpect now before us is Plenty and Security in every Part of your Majeſty's Dominions; an extenſive and improved Commerce, Admiration, Reſpect, Love, and Eſteem among foreign Nations. Theſe we owe to your Majeſty, and for theſe we beg Leave to offer our moſt hearty and unfeigned Thanks.

The following Addreſs of the Mayor, Aldermen and Burgeſſes of Portſmouth, has been preſented to His Majeſty by Sir Mathew Fetherſtonhaugh, Bart. one of their Repreſentatives in Parliament, being introduced by the Lord of His Majeſty's Bed-Chamber in Waiting: Which Addreſs His Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

To the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty,

The humble Addreſs of the Mayor, Aldermen and Burgeſſes of the Borough of Portſmouth in the County of Southampton.

WE your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Mayor, Aldermen and Burgeſſes of Portſmouth, beg Leave to expreſs the juſt Senſe we have of your Majeſty's Goodneſs, by delivering us from a moſt burthenſome and expenſive War, by a Safe and Advantageous Peace.

We look upon this glorious Event as the happy Conſequence of that Spirit and Reſolution, with which your Majeſty has vindicated your Rights as Sovereign of this Kingdom; tempered at the ſame Time with a noble Self-Denial of all the Succeſs and Glory that muſt have conſtantly attended your Majeſty's Arms in the Proſecution of ſo juſt and neceſſary a War. It is a Diſpoſition of Mind truly great in a Prince, to chooſe rather to procure Peace for His Subjects, than to lead them to Victories; to adorn His Reign with the ſincere and grateful Acclamations of a happy People, rather than the Splendor of Triumphs: To this Greatneſs and Goodneſs of Heart we thankfully aſcribe the Return of this ineſtimable Bleſſing; and as we are deeply ſenſible of the Happineſs we derive from it, we will ſhew that we know how to put a juſt Value upon it, by admitting no other Contention among us, but who ſhall be moſt active in promoting the Publick Felicity, by rendering your Majeſty's Reign as eaſy and glorious to your Majeſty, as it is happy and advantageous to your People.

Dated at the Guildhall of the ſaid Borough, the Fourteenth Day of June, 1763.

The following Addreſs of the Juſtices of the Peace, Freeholders, Commiſſioners of Supply, and other Heretors of the County of Lanerk, has been preſented to His Majeſty by Capt. John Roſs, Repreſentative in Parliament for the Borough of Lanerk, being introduced by the Lord of His Majeſty's bed-Chamber in Waiting: Which Addreſs His Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

To the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty.

Moſt gracious Sovereign,

WE the Juſtices of the Peace, Freeholders, Commiſſioners of Supply, and other Heretors of the County of Lanerk, beg Leave to approach your Majeſty with that Loyalty, Love and Gratitude, which, as happy Subjects, we owe to the beſt of Sovereigns, to offer our moſt Cordial Congratulations on the late Glorious Peace; by which Tranquility is reſtored to theſe Realms, and, in Effect, to almoſt all Europe; together with its Dependencies and Connections, in the different Quarters of the Globe: A Peace ſo highly Advantageous to your People, that nothing equal to it appears in the Britiſh Annals; at the ſame Time, ſo fully adequate to the Succeſs of your Majeſty's Arms, and ſo perfectly compatible with the general Intereſt of Europe, that we may reaſonably hope, that a long Ceſſation from the Horrors and Devaſtation of War will enſue, and prove, even to lateſt Poſterity, the ſuperior Prudence with which it was conducted.

But to enter into Particulars, to ſay with what Prudence and Vigour ſo extenſive a War has been carried on, at the ſame Time that our Commerce was fully protected, with what Fidelity our Allies have been ſupported and defended; how a new and formidable Enemy aroſe, and was quell'd in one Campaign; and what Acquiſition of Territory has been made, where alone Acquiſitions can be uſeful, would greatly exceed the Bounds we muſt preſcribe to ourſelves in an Addreſs, though we can preſcribe none to our Affection and Gratitude; Hiſtory, and the Experience of future Times alone, can and will do your Majeſty that ample Juſtice, which ſo many Illuſtrious Atchievments have deſerved.

Penetrated with theſe Sentiments, and ſenſible from Effects, that the interior Part of the Government is managed with Ability, Virtue and Oeconomy, it is, Sir, with equal Surprize and Concern, but mixed with much Indignation, that we have

noiſy and ſurely unſucceſsful Attempts, to give us ſiniſter Impreſſions of your Majeſty's Virtues and Government, and of the Integrity of the Legiſlature.

But we ſee, we feel, that we are happy; that our Liberties and Properties are fully ſecured: And as we eſteem your Majeſty to be the greateſt Friend to Liberty in your Dominions; ſo we beg Leave, on our Part, to ſay, that we are no leſs Foes to Licentiouſneſs, than Friends to Liberty, and that we are ſure it is our Intereſt to be ſo: That conſequently we deteſt and abhor all ſuch ſeditious Practices, and their Authors, for whom we ſhall always expreſs that ſtrong Diſregard and Contempt, which they highly merit, who meanly preferring private Views to the publick Good, have, under the Cover of Liberty, dared to meditate her Deſtruction, by inſolent and licentious Efforts, tending plainly to introduce Confuſion and Anarchy, in the room of Order and good Government.

In Proſecution of the ſame evil Purpoſe, theſe Men have thought fit to throw Aſperſions upon your Majeſty's faithful Subjects in the Northern Part of this Iſland; vainly endeavouring to divide, whom a happy Union and mutual Intereſt have ſo long, and ſo firmly, connected: But we are far from attributing the Malice and Wickedneſs of a Few, to the Whole of a Nation, which we love and honour, and from which, among many other ſignal Advantages, we have derived that additional Eſtabliſhment to our Liberty, and farther Security for our Property, which our Forefathers long wiſhed for, and which we have the Happineſs to enjoy.

Such are the Sentiments we entertain in our Hearts, ſuch only we ſhall take Care to propagate and confirm in the Minds of our Fellow Subjects: And theſe Sentiments we will abide by with our Lives and Fortunes.

That God may long preſerve your Majeſty to reign over a free, happy and grateful People; and that He may continue the ſame Bleſſing to our lateſt Poſterity, in your Illuſtrious Houſe, is the earneſt Prayer of us all. At Hamilton, the Tenth Day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-three.

Signed in the Preſence and by Appointment of the Meeting, *Ch. Hope Weir*, Præſes.

The following Addreſs of the Mayor, Sheriffs, Citizens and Commonalty of the City of Lincoln, having been tranſmitted by Coningſby Sibthorp, Eſq; one of their Repreſentatives in Parliament, to the Earl of Egremont, one of His Majeſty's Principal Secretaries of State, has by him been preſented to His Majeſty: Which Addreſs His Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

To the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty.

WE the Mayor, Sheriffs, Citizens and Commonalty of the City of Lincoln (in Common Council Aſſembled) preſent our unfeigned Congratulations to your Majeſty on the preſent happy Situation of this Country; freed by the Wiſdom of your Majeſty's Councils from the hazardous Uncertainties of War, and reſtored to all the Bleſſings of Peace; governed by a King who makes the Happineſs of his People the firſt Object of his Care; and in the Poſſeſſion of Laws admirably contrived to ſecure the Liberty of the Subject, at the ſame Time that they give Dignity to the Prince. Whilſt we have theſe invaluable Treaſures to boaſt of, there can be no Room for Murmurs or Diſcontent; no other Occaſion but for Joy, for Gratitude to the Supreme Being, and Reſpect to your Majeſty's Perſon and Government. Long may your Majeſty live to behold your People happy and proſperous; meriting the high Advantages they are bleſſed with, and as eminently diſtinguiſhed for their Affection to their King and Country, as for the Freedom and Bravery of their Spirit.

Given under our Common Seal, at the Guildhall, of the City of Lincoln, the Twenty-third Day of June, in the Third Year of your Majeſty's Reign.

from Darmſtadt, the other from Gieſſen; conſiſting in two Regiments of Infantry, four Battalions of Militia, and 500 Horſe and Huſſars together, with a Train of 30 Pieces of Cannon. Theſe Troops were no ſooner arrived before the Town, than they forced open the Gates, took Poſſeſſion of all the principal Streets, and broke open the Houſes of the Burger Maſters, and of the Sixteen Senators, who were obliged to appear before a Deputation ſent by his Serene Highneſs the Margrave of Heſſe Darmſtadt. Several Houſes have actually from 70 to 80 Soldiers quartered on them, and nobody has Leave to go out of the Town, except the Poſt: Even the Members of the Imperial Chamber have not this Liberty.

The Margrave's Pretext for treating this Town in the above Manner is, That the Magiſtrates refuſed to give the Satisfaction which his Serene Highneſs required, relating to ſome Quarrels that aroſe ſoon after the Concluſion of the Peace, between his Troops and a Detachment of Thoſe of the Allied Army, eſcorted by the Soldiers of this City, in which the Former were repulſed. Several Burghers are accuſed of having aſſiſted the Allies; and his Serene Highneſs alleges, that the Magiſtrate, and ſeveral of the Senators, abuſed his Officer.

This Morning the Imperial Chamber was aſſembled; but it is not known yet what Reſolution they have taken.

Mentz, June 8. It having pleaſed the Almighty to take out of this World, the Elector our late Sovereign, the 4th in the Afternoon, the Chapter took Poſſeſſion of the Government of the State, and fixed the Election of an Archbiſhop to the 5th of July. Four of the Chapter are Candidates, viz. Baron d'Eltz, Great Dean; Baron Breidbach, Great Prevot; Baron Frankenſtein, and Baron Smidtberg, Stadtholder of Erfurth. It is generally believed the Chapter are reſolved to chuſe ex gremio, and that they have fixed the Election to ſo early a Day, in order to prevent Foreign Recommendations.

Vienna, June 8. The Duke of Deux Ponts ſet out from hence laſt Week for Manheim, where he will paſs the Summer; after which he will go to Prague to take on him the Government of the Kingdom of Bohemia. Prince Charles of Lorraine is expected here about the End of this Month.

Her Royal Highneſs the Infant Arch Dutcheſs being with Child, the Journies to Parlſbad and Italy will not take Place. The Court continues at Laxembourg; and, after having paſſed another Month there, propoſes to have ſeveral Parties of Pleaſure at Hollitſch and Schloſshoff.

All poſſible Means are uſed for repairing the Fortreſſes of Hungary, and putting them into a good State of Defence.

Vienna, June 11. Advice has been received, that a conſiderable Body of Turks have invaded the Imperial Croatia near Brot and Gradiſca, that they have pillaged ſeveral Villages, carried off Numbers of Cattle, Forage and other Proviſions; ſo that they were obliged to aſſemble all the Poſts thereabouts to drive theſe Plunderers into their own Country. Hitherto it is believed, this Invaſion proceeds from the great Scarcity that reigns amongſt the Turks in that Neighbourhood; becauſe as the Plague is broken out there, the Imperial Subjects are forbidden having any Communication with them. However, Colonel Lanius has received Orders to ſet out without Delay for that Kingdom, to order ſeveral Saïques to be built, and to raiſe Men neceſſary for the manning of them.

Ratiſbon, June 11. Baron Lyncker, Miniſter Plenipotentiary of the Elector of Mentz, and Director of the Electoral College, received the 8th in the Morning, by a Courier, the melancholy News of the Elector's Death, with full Powers from the Chapter for the Adminiſtration of the Suffrage of Mentz, and of the Directory of the Empire; but the Prince of Tour Taxis, Chief Commiſſary, not being here, he could not legitimate himſelf, according to the Convention made between the Court of Vienna and the

Miniſters Plenipotentiary of Saxony intended to to convoke the Diet, he thought proper to ſend a Meſſage, intimating his Deſign of doing it himſelf, by a Clerk of the Chancery to all the Miniſters, which they refuſed to receive, the Right of making ſuch a Notification not being yet ſettled. Notwithſtanding this, the Miniſters Plenipotentiary of Saxony and Cologne proceeded to convoke the Diet. The Elector of Treves alſo pretends to the Directory of the Empire on the Death of the Elector of Mentz; but as his Suffrage is adminiſtred by Baron Lyncker, the Secretary of Legation of Treves contented himſelf with making a verbal Proteſtation to the Miniſters of Saxony and Cologne againſt the Convocation of the Diet made by them. The 10th at Noon, the Electoral College, as well as That of Princes, aſſembled in their own Right, and not by Virtue of the Convocation made by the Miniſters Plenipotentiary of Mentz, Saxony, or Cologne, and agreed among themſelves to adjourn till the 18th of July, as is uſual on this Occaſion.

Florence, June 11. The Two firſt Diviſions of the Tuſcan Troops are arrived here from Germany, and the laſt is to follow in two Days; there are few Italians among them, the greateſt Part of thoſe being dead in Germany.

On the 4th inſtant, the Pope went to Caſtle Gandolfo. He has committed the Examination of the Affair of Liege to a Congregation of Cardinals, who are to make their Report to him, when he returns to Rome, the latter End of this Month.

Paſſau June 16 Some Days ago our Biſhop ſet out to make the Paſtoral Viſit of his Diocele. His Highneſs was taken ill the 10th of a Pleuriſy, and was adviſed to return home; but his Deſire to confirm ſome hundreds of his Flock the 11th, made him prefer his Duty to his Health, and ſo much augmented his Diſtemper, that he died the 15th at Matigkhouſen in Bavaria, on the other Side the Inn.

This Prince was born Count of Thun; he had been Biſhop only thirteen Months, during which Time he ſhewed great Zeal for eſtabliſhing an exact Diſcipline among all the Eccleſiaſticks of his Dioceſe, and died an Example of Piety and Reſignation.

Copenhagen, June 18. Baron Bernſtorff is ill of an Ague and Fever, which for the preſent has put a Stop to his Attendance in Council.

The unſeaſonable Coldneſs of the Weather ſeems ſtill to keep this Place unhealthy, though the weekly Bills have begun to decreaſe of late in the Number of Burials; and are fallen a little below one hundred.

Yeſterday the Guard of Citizens was wholly withdrawn from the Poſts of this Garriſon, which the Regular Troops have now reſumed.

Walern, June 19. The Landgrave of Heſſe propoſes, as we hear, to ſet out from hence next Thurſday for Franckfort, in his Way to the Baths of Schlangenbadt.

Hague, June 24. The Margrave and Margravine of Baden Dourlach ſat out on their Return to Germany Yeſterday Morning, taking Rotterdam and Amſterdam in their Way.

Nothing has hitherto been received directly from the Colony of Berbices, in relation to the Inſurrection of the Negroes, and the Devaſtations committed by them. But the Letters from other Parts give a melancholy Account of that Affair. Preparations are making, for the Succour of that Colony, by Naval and Land Forces, to be ſent as ſoon as poſſible from hence.

The Biſhoprick of Liege continues ſtill to be adminiſtred by the Chapter, the Court of Rome having charged them with the Care of it, till a Reſolution ſhall be taken upon the Repreſentations of the two Candidates.

General Poſt Office, June 20, 1763.

The Poſt will go every Night, from London to Tunbridge Wells, and from Tunbridge Wells to London, Sundays excepted, from Friday next the 24th inſtant,

Royal Hoſpital for Seamen at Greenwich,
June 28, 1763

Notice is hereby given, that ſuch Perſons as are willing to purchaſe the Dues *of* Lead Ore, *raiſed and to be raiſed within the Manor of* Alſton Moor *in the County of* Cumberland, *Part of the* Derwentwater *Eſtate, from Michaelmas laſt to Michaelmas next, may deliver in their Propoſals (ſealed up) to the Directors of the ſaid Hoſpital, at* Salters Hall, London, *on* Wedneſday *the* 13th *of* next Month, *at Eleven o'Clock in the Forenoon.*

Jn°. Ibbetſon, *Secretary.*

Office of Ordnance, Tower of London,
June 21, 1763.

The Lieutenant General and the reſt of the Principal Officers of His Majeſty's Ordnance do hereby give Notice to ſuch Perſons as are willing to ſupply this Office with two Ships of 220 Tons Burthen each per Meaſurement, to tranſport Officers and Men of the Royal Regiment of Artillery to Gibraltar and Mahon, that they may deliver their Propoſals in Writing, ſealed up, and attend themſelves on Wedneſday the 29th Day of this Inſtant, at the Office of Ordnance in the Tower, at Twelve at Noon, when the ſame will be taken into Conſideration.

By Order of the Board.
Wm. Bogdani.

Office of Ordnance, Tower of London,
June 21, 1763.

The Lieutenant-General and the reſt of the Principal Officers of His Majeſty's Ordnance hereby give Notice to ſuch Perſons as are willing to contract to ſupply this Office with Veſſels or other Craft for Coaſt or River Freights, from Time to Time, as they may be wanted at Woolwich, that they may deliver their Propoſals in Writing, ſealed up, and attend themſelves at the Office of Ordnance in the Tower, on Wedneſday the 29th Day of this Inſtant, at Twelve at Noon, when the ſame will be taken into Conſideration; in the mean Time, by applying to the Minuting Office in the Tower, they may be informed of further Particulars.

By Order of the Board,
Wm. Bogdani.

Victualling Office, June 21, 1763.

The Commiſſioners for Victualling His Majeſty's Navy do hereby give Notice, that on Wedneſday the 6th of July next, exactly at Twelve o'Clock at Noon, they will be ready to ſell to the higheſt Bidder, ſeveral Lots of Serviceable Red Port Wine, and French Brandy, lying in His Majeſty's Stores at Portſmouth.

A Depoſit of Twenty-five Pounds per Cent. is to be made on the Amount of each Lot at the Time of Sale; and if the Remainder is not paid within Thirty Days after, and the Particulars taken away, the Depoſit-Money is to be forfeited, and the Goods to remain the Property of the Crown.

The other Conditions of the Sale may be ſeen at the Secretary's Office; or by applying to Mr. Oakes, Agent for the Victualling at Portſmouth.

Victualling Office, June 22, 1763.

The Commiſſioners for Victualling His Majeſty's Navy do hereby give Notice, that on Wedneſday the 13th of July next, exactly at Twelve o'Clock at Noon, they will be ready to treat with ſuch Perſons as may be inclinable to undertake to furniſh Proviſions to ſuch of His Majeſty's Ships and Veſſels as may touch at Virginia, and be in Want thereof.

The Conditions of the Contract may be ſeen at the Secretary's Office.

Victualling Office, June 24, 1763.

The Commiſſioners for Victualling His Majeſty's Navy do hereby give Notice, that on Friday the 8th of July next, exactly at Twelve o'Clock at Noon, they will be ready to receive Propoſals in Writing from ſuch Perſons as may be inclinable to hire His Majeſty's Mills and Bakehouſes at Rotherhith, and the Dwelling-houſe,